What is claimed is:

5

1. An over-current protection device, comprising:

a current-sensing element exhibiting positive temperature coefficient behavior, the current-sensing element including an upper electrode foil, a bottom electrode foil and a conductive material:

an upper metallic conductive sheet connected to the upper electrode foil and having at least one notch on its surface; and

a bottom metallic conductive sheet connected to the bottom electrode foil;

whereby the notch generates a cracking face in the current-sensing element during the burning of the over-current protection device, and the occurrence of a short circuit can be avoided.

- 2. The over-current protection device according to Claim 1, wherein the bottom metallic conductive sheet has at least one notch on its surface.
- 3. The over-current protection device according to Claim 1, wherein the notch is formed by a cutter or an etching process.
 - 4. The over-current protection device according to Claim 1, wherein the area of the notch is preferably over 1% of the area of the upper metallic conductive sheet.
- 5. An over-current protection device, comprising:

a current-sensing element exhibiting positive temperature coefficient behavior, the current-sensing element including an upper electrode foil, a bottom electrode foil and a conductive material;

an upper metallic conductive sheet, including:

25 (a) a second upper metallic conductive sheet connected to the

upper electrode foil;

5

10

25

(b) a first upper metallic conductive sheet connected to the second upper metallic conductive sheet and having a different thermal expansion coefficient from the second upper metallic conductive sheet; and

a bottom metallic conductive sheet connected to the bottom electrode foil; and

whereby the different thermal expansion coefficients generate a cracking face in the current-sensing element during the burning of the over-current protection device, and the occurrence of a short circuit can be avoided.

- 6. The over-current protection device according to Claim 5, wherein the bottom metallic conductive sheet comprises:
- a second bottom metallic conductive sheet connected to the bottom electrode foil; and
 - a first bottom metallic conductive sheet connected to the second bottom metallic conductive sheet and having a different thermal expansion coefficient from the second bottom metallic conductive sheet.
- 7. The over-current protection device according to Claim 6, wherein 20 the first upper metallic conductive sheet and the first bottom metallic conductive sheet are made of a material selected from the group consisting of chromium, nickel, iron, cobalt, tungsten, titanium and the alloy thereof.
 - 8. The over-current protection device according to Claim 6, wherein the second upper metallic conductive sheet and the second bottom metallic conductive sheet are made of a material selected from the group consisting of copper, aluminum, stannum, lead, silver, platinum, gold and the alloy thereof.

- 9. The over-current protection device according to Claim 5, wherein at least one of the metallic conductive sheets comprises a notch on the surface.
- 10. The over-current protection device according to Claim 5, which isapplied to a battery protection of a portable electronic device.